## Payment Substitutes in Traditional Cash Environments

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## Cash advantages

- Almost always accepted and recognized.
- Counterfeiting is relatively small, in percentage terms much smaller than fraud occurring with checks.
- Anonymous--does not have the identity theft and data security problems associated with some electronic payments media.
- Seigniorage.

Cash was once the quickest way to transact, but the tide is changing.

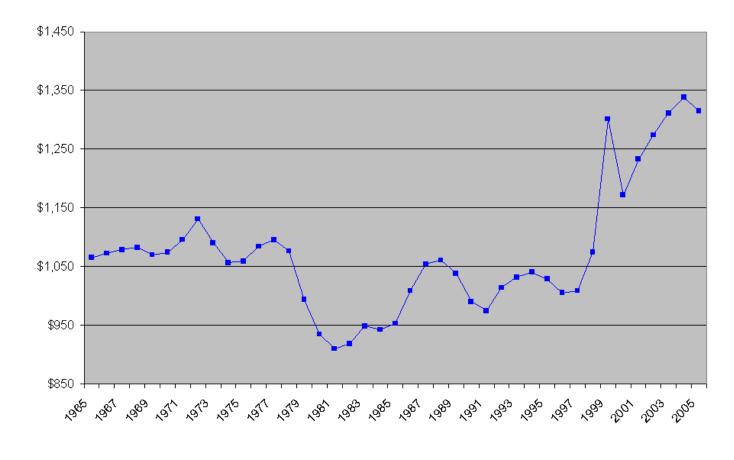
- Now, EZ-PASS & I-PASS on Tollways and contactless cards are much faster; RFID-based media.
- Physical security is easier on electronic networks.
- We don't have to make change on electronic networks.

#### The end of the cash era?

- In the United States, cash has been king more or less since the Revolution.
- Many have predicted this era will soon end:
  - In 1996, the celebrated author of *Chaos* James Gleick declared: "Cash is quaint, cash is expensive, cash is obsolete."
  - Economist magazine (2007)
    - Moore's law will trump cash.
    - They featured a dinosaur on their Feb. 15 cover entitled "The end of cash era."

## But this hasn't happened yet

Real Per Capita Domestic Currency Holdings



5/10/07

# Uses of Currency

- Cash for transactions:
  - For individuals, who get \$80 or \$100 out of an ATM, it is difficult to understand why they would typically hold \$1,000 or so for use in day-to-day transactions.
- Store of wealth:
  - This suggests that the wealth motive for holding cash may be more important than one would otherwise have thought.

Nonetheless, handling paper is an expensive proposition

- Cash is a physical commodity with significant handling costs, including theft. Even if we obtain cash from electronic ATM networks, the care & feeding of these networks is a manual, not an automated process.
- Since most currency circulates locally, these costs may well be less than paper checks, which tend to circulate over longer distances, although imaging and truncation are changing this equation.

# Shift to electronic payment is beneficial

- For society, the benefits of this shift from paper to electronics may be substantial.
- Why? The additional cost (the marginal cost) of an extra transaction on an electronic payment network is almost always considerably less than it would be on a paper-based network.

## Will the switch occur?

- But there is no free lunch--so will there be sufficient users on these electronic networks?
- That depends on the costs, which can be substantial:
  - In particular, the competitors to cash, payment cards (debit, credit, and prepaid) all have interchange fees that need to be paid.
- But benefits also matter.

#### Cash in a global context

- Two developments have delayed the disappearance of U.S. cash.
  - In the 1990s, planeloads of U.S. currency went to places like Argentina & Russia. In one year, \$20 billion went to Russia alone. The process has reversed somewhat recently, partly as a result of the competition from the euro and a greater degree of stability abroad.
  - The other "international" piece of this story involves immigration into the States.

# Cash and immigration

- Much of the increase in immigration in the last decade has been undocumented workers from Latin America.
- For a variety of reasons, such immigrants often avoid banks.
- Our research suggests that these unbanked immigrants may hold much of their wealth in U.S. banknotes.
- The remittance panel on Friday will touch on some of these developments.

# **Emerging Cash Substitutes**

- Today, we'll hear three case studies featuring industries in which cash or coin was once the dominant payment media.
  - Commissioner Norma I. Reyes, *City of Chicago,* taxis.
  - Jim Turner, USA Technologies, vending machines.
  - Michael D. Litton, G&D, gaming.

#### Three questions

- What are the characteristics of cash that are difficult to mimic in other payment forms?
- What are the main factors driving the adoption of payment alternatives?
- How have the relative costs and benefits of cash changed as a result of greater availability of payment alternatives?