

News Release

Embargoed for release:
8:30 am Eastern Time
7:30 am Central Time
May 23, 2022

Contact:
Michael Adleman
Media Relations
Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago
312-322-2934

What is the National Activity Index?

The index is a weighted average of 85 indicators of growth in national economic activity drawn from four broad categories of data: 1) production and income; 2) employment, unemployment, and hours; 3) personal consumption and housing; and 4) sales, orders, and inventories.

Why are there three index values?

Each month, we provide a monthly index (the CFNAI), its three-month moving average, and a diffusion index. Month-to-month movements can be volatile, so the monthly index's three-month moving average, the CFNAI-MA3, provides a more consistent picture of national economic growth. The CFNAI Diffusion Index instead captures the degree to which a change in the monthly index is spread out among its 85 indicators, averaged over a three-month period.

What do the numbers mean?

A zero value for the monthly index has been associated with the national economy expanding at its historical trend (average) rate of growth; negative values with below-average growth (in standard deviation units); and positive values with above-average growth.

Periods of economic expansion have historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above -0.70 and the CFNAI Diffusion Index above -0.35 . Conversely, periods of economic contraction have historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 below -0.70 and the CFNAI Diffusion Index below -0.35 .

An increasing likelihood of a period of sustained increasing inflation has historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above $+0.70$ more than two years into an economic expansion. Similarly, a substantial likelihood of a period of sustained increasing inflation has historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above $+1.00$ more than two years into an economic expansion.

The next CFNAI will be released:
June 21, 2022
8:30 am Eastern Time
7:30 am Central Time

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK
OF CHICAGO

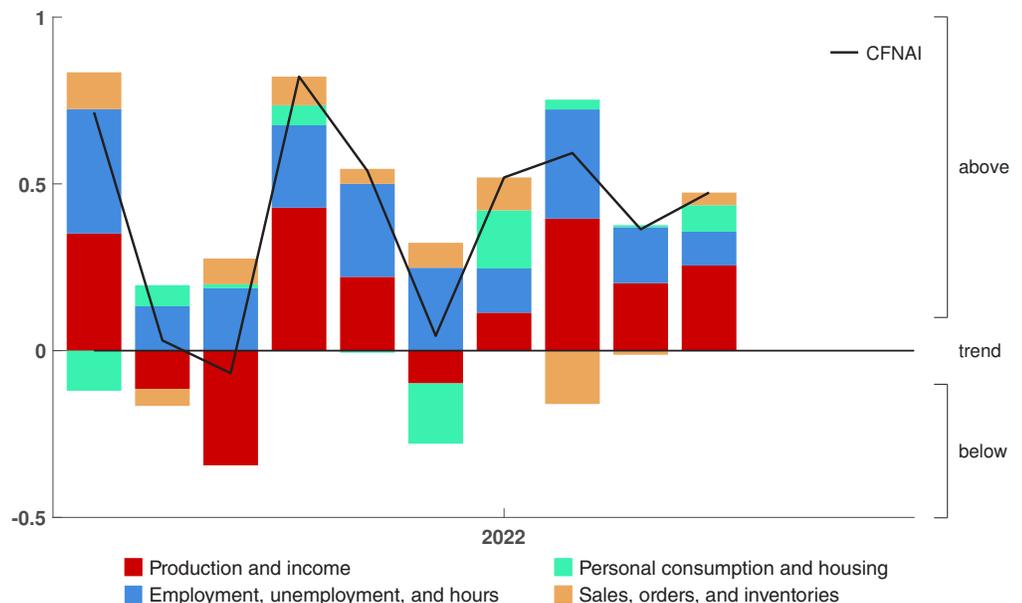
Chicago Fed National Activity Index

Index suggests economic growth increased in April

The Chicago Fed National Activity Index (CFNAI) increased to $+0.47$ in April from $+0.36$ in March. All four broad categories of indicators used to construct the index made positive contributions in April, and three categories improved from March. The index's three-month moving average, CFNAI-MA3, ticked down to $+0.48$ in April from $+0.49$ in March.

The CFNAI Diffusion Index, which is also a three-month moving average, moved up to $+0.48$ in April from $+0.42$ in March. Sixty-two of the 85 individual indicators made positive contributions to the CFNAI in April, while 23 made negative contributions. Forty-seven indicators improved from March to April, while 37 indicators deteriorated and one was unchanged. Of the indicators that improved, nine made negative contributions.

Chicago Fed National Activity Index, by Categories



CFNAI, CFNAI-MA3, and CFNAI Diffusion for the Latest Six Months and Year-Ago Month

	Apr '22	Mar '22	Feb '22	Jan '22	Dec '21	Nov '21	Apr '21
CFNAI							
Current	+0.47	+0.36	+0.59	+0.52	+0.04	+0.54	-0.08
Previous	N/A	+0.44	+0.54	+0.75	+0.01	+0.56	-0.07
CFNAI-MA3							
Current	+0.48	+0.49	+0.39	+0.37	+0.47	+0.43	+0.21
Previous	N/A	+0.57	+0.43	+0.44	+0.46	+0.44	+0.22
CFNAI Diffusion							
Current	+0.48	+0.42	+0.29	+0.29	+0.45	+0.46	+0.15
Previous	N/A	+0.45	+0.31	+0.33	+0.45	+0.45	+0.16

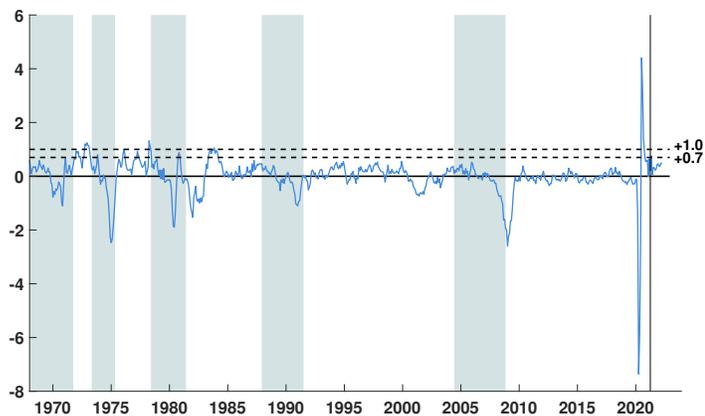
Current and Previous values reflect index values as of the May 23, 2022, release and April 25, 2022, release, respectively. N/A indicates not applicable.

Production-related indicators contributed +0.26 to the CFNAI in April, up slightly from +0.20 in March. Industrial production increased 1.1 percent in April after moving up 0.9 percent in March. The contribution of the sales, orders, and inventories category to the CFNAI edged up to +0.04 in April from -0.01 in the previous month.

Employment-related indicators contributed +0.10 to the CFNAI in April, down from +0.17 in March. The unemployment rate was unchanged at 3.6 percent in April. Yet, on balance, employment-related indicators weakened slightly from March. The contribution of the personal consumption and housing category to the CFNAI moved up to +0.08 in April from +0.01 in March.

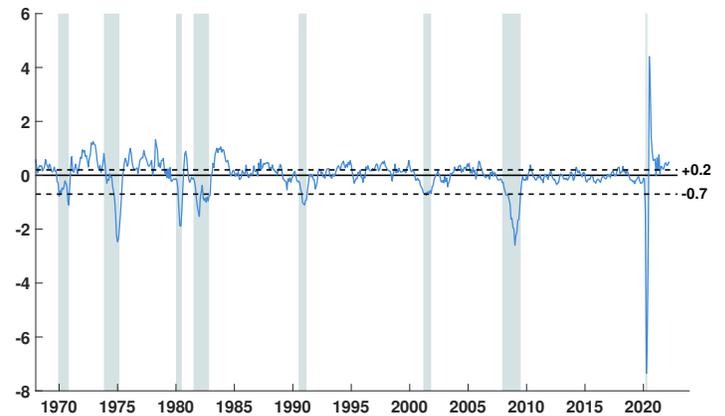
The CFNAI was constructed using data available as of May 19, 2022. At that time, April data for 51 of the 85 indicators had been published. For all missing data, estimates were used in constructing the index. The March monthly index value was revised to +0.36 from an initial estimate of +0.44, and the February monthly index value was revised to +0.59 from last month's estimate of +0.54. Revisions to the monthly index can be attributed to two main factors: revisions in previously published data and differences between the estimates of previously unavailable data and subsequently published data. The revisions to both the March and February monthly index values were primarily due to the former.

CFNAI-MA3 and Inflation Cycles



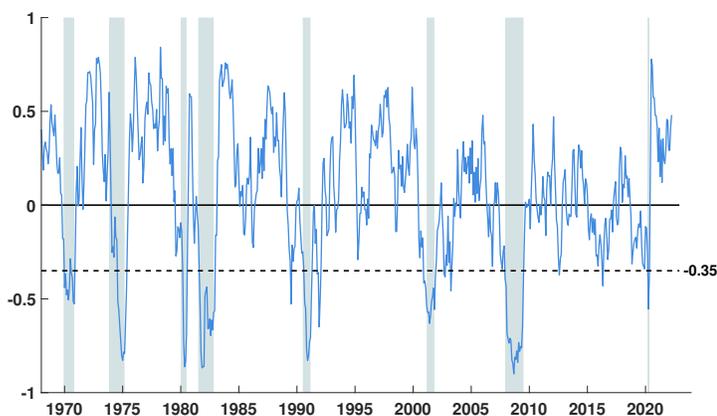
Notes: Shading represents periods of sustained increasing inflation; the vertical line indicates the start of the most recent period. For details on the timing of these periods based on readings of core inflation (which excludes food and energy prices), see pp. 4–5 of the [background information document](#). An increasing likelihood of a period of sustained increasing inflation has historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above +0.70 more than two years into an economic expansion. Similarly, a substantial likelihood of a period of sustained increasing inflation has historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above +1.00 more than two years into an economic expansion.

CFNAI-MA3 and Business Cycles



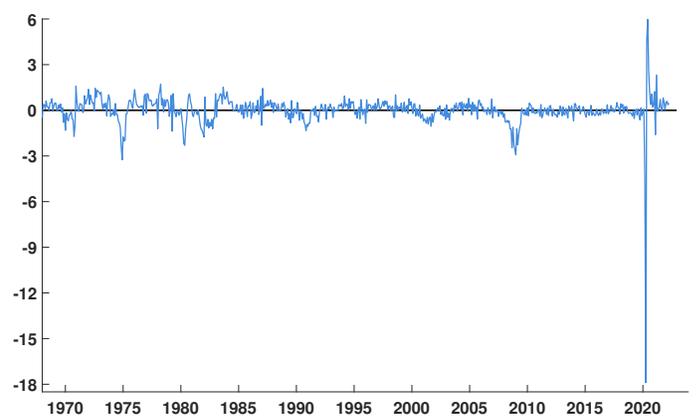
Notes: Shading indicates official periods of recession as identified by the National Bureau of Economic Research. Following a period of economic expansion, an increasing likelihood of a recession has historically been associated with a CFNAI-MA3 value below -0.70. Conversely, following a period of economic contraction, an increasing likelihood of an expansion has historically been associated with a CFNAI-MA3 value above +0.20.

CFNAI Diffusion Index



Notes: Shading indicates official periods of recession as identified by the National Bureau of Economic Research. The CFNAI Diffusion Index represents the three-month moving average of the sum of the absolute values of the weights for the underlying indicators whose contribution to the CFNAI is positive in a given month less the sum of the absolute values of the weights for those indicators whose contribution is negative or neutral in a given month. Periods of economic expansion have historically been associated with values of the CFNAI Diffusion Index above -0.35.

CFNAI, Monthly Index



CFNAI release dates, historical data, and background information are available at chicagofed.org/cfna1.