News Release

Embargoed for release: 8:30 am Eastern Time 7:30 am Central Time February 23, 2023

Contact: Michael Adleman Media Relations Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago 312-322-2934

What is the National Activity Index?

The index is a weighted average of 85 indicators of growth in national economic activity drawn from four broad categories of data:
1) production and income; 2) employment, unemployment, and hours; 3) personal consumption and housing; and 4) sales, orders, and inventories.

Why are there three index values?

Each month, we provide a monthly index (the CFNAI), its three-month moving average, and a diffusion index. Month-to-month movements can be volatile, so the monthly index's three-month moving average, the CFNAI-MA3, provides a more consistent picture of national economic growth. The CFNAI Diffusion Index instead captures the degree to which a change in the monthly index is spread out among its 85 indicators, averaged over a three-month period.

What do the numbers mean?

A zero value for the monthly index has been associated with the national economy expanding at its historical trend (average) rate of growth; negative values with below-average growth (in standard deviation units); and positive values with above-average growth.

Periods of economic expansion have historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above -0.70 and the CFNAI Diffusion Index above -0.35. Conversely, periods of economic contraction have historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 below -0.70 and the CFNAI Diffusion Index below -0.35.

An increasing likelihood of a period of sustained increasing inflation has historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above +0.70 more than two years into an economic expansion. Similarly, a substantial likelihood of a period of sustained increasing inflation has historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above +1.00 more than two years into an economic expansion.

The next CFNAI will be released: March 23, 2023 8:30 am Eastern Time 7:30 am Central Time

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF CHICAGO

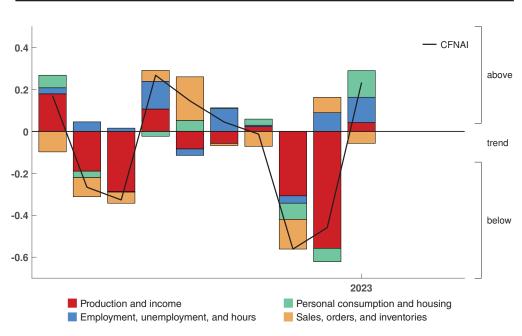
Chicago Fed National Activity Index

Index suggests economic growth picked up in January

Led by improvements in production-related indicators, the Chicago Fed National Activity Index (CFNAI) rose to +0.23 in January from -0.46 in December. Three of the four broad categories of indicators used to construct the index made positive contributions in January, and three categories improved from December. The index's three-month moving average, CFNAI-MA3, moved up to -0.26 in January from -0.34 in December.

The CFNAI Diffusion Index, which is also a three-month moving average, edged up to -0.10 in January from -0.15 in December. Fifty-one of the 85 individual indicators made positive contributions to the CFNAI in January, while 34 made negative contributions. Fifty-one indicators improved from December to January, while 33 indicators deteriorated and one was unchanged. Of the indicators that improved, ten made negative contributions.

Chicago Fed National Activity Index, by Categories



CFNAI, CFNAI-MA3, and CFNAI Diffusion for the Latest Six Months and Year-Ago Month

	Jan '23	Dec '22	Nov '22	Oct '22	Sep '22	Aug '22	Jan '22
CFNAI					-	_	
Current	+0.23	-0.46	-0.56	-0.01	+0.04	+0.15	+0.43
Previous	N/A	-0.49	-0.51	0.00	+0.07	+0.18	+0.48
CFNAI-MA3							
Current	-0.26	-0.34	-0.18	+0.06	+0.15	+0.03	+0.35
Previous	N/A	-0.33	-0.14	+0.09	+0.17	+0.03	+0.36
CFNAI Diffusion							
Current	-0.10	-0.15	-0.10	+0.12	+0.22	+0.11	+0.29
Previous	N/A	-0.13	0.00	+0.19	+0.31	+0.14	+0.29

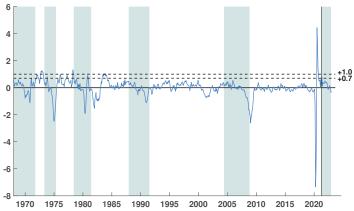
Current and Previous values reflect index values as of the February 23, 2023, release and January 26, 2023, release, respectively. N/A indicates not applicable.

Production-related indicators contributed +0.04 to the CFNAI in January, up from -0.56 in December. Industrial production was unchanged in January after falling 1.0 percent in December. The contribution of the sales, orders, and inventories category to the CFNAI decreased to -0.06 in January from +0.07 in the previous month.

Employment-related indicators contributed +0.12 to the CFNAI in January, up slightly from +0.09 in December. The unemployment rate ticked down to 3.4 percent in January from 3.5 percent in December. The contribution of the personal consumption and housing category to the CFNAI increased to +0.13 in January from -0.06 in December.

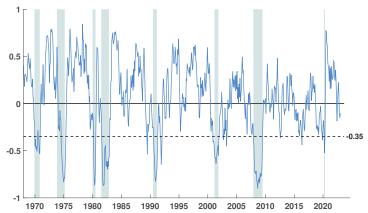
The CFNAI was constructed using data available as of February 21, 2023. At that time, January data for 51 of the 85 indicators had been published. For all missing data, estimates were used in constructing the index. The December monthly index value was revised to -0.46 from an initial estimate of -0.49, and the November monthly index value was revised to -0.56 from last month's estimate of -0.51. Revisions to the monthly index can be attributed to two main factors: revisions in previously published data and differences between the estimates of previously unavailable data and subsequently published data. The revisions to both the December and November monthly index values were primarily due to the latter.

CFNAI-MA3 and Inflation Cycles



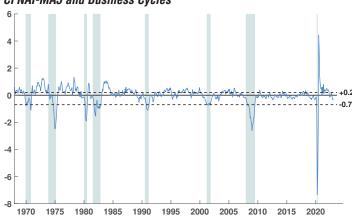
Notes: Shading represents periods of sustained increasing inflation; the vertical line indicates the start of the most recent period. For details on the timing of these periods based on readings of core inflation (which excludes food and energy prices), see pp. 4–5 of the background information document. An increasing likelihood of a period of sustained increasing inflation has historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above +0.70 more than two years into an economic expansion. Similarly, a substantial likelihood of a period of sustained increasing inflation has historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above +1.00 more than two years into an economic expansion.

CFNAI Diffusion Index



Notes: Shading indicates official periods of recession as identified by the National Bureau of Economic Research. The CFNAI Diffusion Index represents the three-month moving average of the sum of the absolute values of the weights for the underlying indicators whose contribution to the CFNAI is positive in a given month less the sum of the absolute values of the weights for those indicators whose contribution is negative or neutral in a given month. Periods of economic expansion have historically been associated with values of the CFNAI Diffusion Index above -0.35.

CFNAI-MA3 and Business Cycles



Notes: Shading indicates official periods of recession as identified by the National Bureau of Economic Research. Following a period of economic expansion, an increasing likelihood of a recession has historically been associated with a CFNAI-MA3 value below -0.70. Conversely, following a period of economic contraction, an increasing likelihood of an expansion has historically been associated with a CFNAI-MA3 value above -0.70 and a significant likelihood of an expansion has historically been associated with a CFNAI-MA3 value above +0.20.

CFNAI, Monthly Index

