Chicago Fed National Activity Index

Index suggests economic growth declined in May

Led by declines in production-related indicators, the Chicago Fed National Activity Index (CFNAI) decreased to –0.15 in May from +0.14 in April. Two of the four broad categories of indicators used to construct the index decreased from April, and three of the four categories made negative contributions in May. The index’s three-month moving average, CFNAI-MA3, increased to –0.14 in May from –0.20 in April.

The CFNAI Diffusion Index, which is also a three-month moving average, moved up to –0.09 in May from –0.14 in April. Thirty-nine of the 85 individual indicators made positive contributions to the CFNAI in May, while 46 made negative contributions. Thirty-eight indicators improved from April to May, while 47 indicators deteriorated. Of the indicators that improved, 11 made negative contributions.

What is the National Activity Index?
The index is a weighted average of 85 indicators of growth in national economic activity drawn from four broad categories of data: 1) production and income; 2) employment, unemployment, and hours; 3) personal consumption and housing; and 4) sales, orders, and inventories.

Why are there three index values?
Each month, we provide a monthly index (the CFNAI), its three-month moving average, and a diffusion index. Month-to-month movements can be volatile, so the monthly index’s three-month moving average, the CFNAI-MA3, provides a more consistent picture of national economic growth. The CFNAI Diffusion Index instead captures the degree to which a change in the monthly index is spread out among its 85 indicators, averaged over a three-month period.

What do the numbers mean?
A zero value for the monthly index has been associated with the national economy expanding at its historical trend (average) rate of growth; negative values with below-average growth (in standard deviation units); and positive values with above-average growth.

Periods of economic expansion have historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above –0.70 and the CFNAI Diffusion Index above –0.35. Conversely, periods of economic contraction have historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 below –0.70 and the CFNAI Diffusion Index below –0.35.

An increasing likelihood of a period of sustained increasing inflation has historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above +0.70 more than two years into an economic expansion. Similarly, a substantial likelihood of a period of sustained increasing inflation has historically been associated with values of the CFNAI-MA3 above +1.00 more than two years into an economic expansion.

The next CFNAI will be released:
July 24, 2023
8:30 am Eastern Time
7:30 am Central Time

Contact:
Michael Adleman
Media Relations
Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago
312-322-2934

Embargoed for release:
8:30 am Eastern Time
7:30 am Central Time
June 22, 2023

Current and Previous values reflect index values as of the June 22, 2023, release and May 25, 2023, release, respectively. N/A indicates not applicable.
Production-related indicators contributed –0.09 to the CFNAI in May, down from +0.18 in April. Industrial production decreased 0.2 percent in May after increasing 0.5 percent in the previous month. The contribution of the sales, orders, and inventories category to the CFNAI moved up to –0.05 in May from –0.10 in April.

Employment-related indicators contributed –0.03 to the CFNAI in May, down from +0.07 in April. The unemployment rate increased to 3.7 percent in May from 3.4 percent in the previous month. The contribution of the personal consumption and housing category to the CFNAI edged up to +0.02 in May from –0.01 in April.

The CFNAI was constructed using data available as of June 20, 2023. At that time, May data for 50 of the 85 indicators had been published. For all missing data, estimates were used in constructing the index. The April monthly index value was revised to +0.14 from an initial estimate of +0.07, and the March monthly index value was revised to –0.41 from last month’s estimate of –0.37. Revisions to the monthly index can be attributed to two main factors: revisions in previously published data and differences between the estimates of previously unavailable data and subsequently published data. The revisions to both the April and March monthly index values were primarily due to the latter.

CFNAI release dates, historical data, and background information are available at chicagofed.org/cfna.