News Release

Embargoed for release: Noon Eastern Time 11:00 am Central Time May 9, 2002

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Chicago Fed Midwest Manufacturing Index

Midwest Manufacturing Output Rises in March

The Chicago Fed Midwest Manufacturing Index (CFMMI) rose 1.1% from February to March, reaching a seasonally adjusted level of 149.2 (1992=100). Revised data show the index was at 147.6 in February and had increased 0.3% from January. The Federal Reserve Board's industrial production index for manufacturing (IPMFG) rose 0.8% in March after rising 0.2% in February. This was the third consecutive monthly increase for regional production. March output in the region was 6.0% lower than a year earlier, while output in the nation was down 2.7%.

Output in all four CFMMI sub-sectors rose in March. Midwest steel sector output posted the largest increase, rising 1.8% in March after increasing 0.2% the month prior. Output in the regional resource sector rose 1.2%, following a 0.4% increase the month before. The Midwest auto sector's output increased 0.9% after increasing 2.0% in February. The regional machinery sector output increased 0.9% in March after output fell 0.4% the previous month.

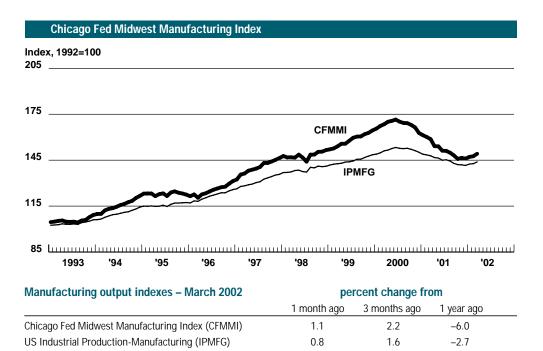
With extremely tight inventories, regional steel output increased 1.8% in March. National steel output was up 1.2% in March. Regional steel output was 3.8% below its March 2001 level, compared with a 2.2% decrease in the nation.

The Midwest resource sector's output increased 1.2% in March, while output in the nation's resource sector rose 0.8%. Output in the regional paper; lumber; stone, clay, glass and concrete products; and food industries registered the largest increases. Compared with a year ago, Midwest resource output was 0.6% lower in March and national output was up 1.0%.

Recent light vehicle market share shift toward passenger cars has benefited the Midwest which specializes in these products. Midwest automotive output rose 0.9% in March, while the nation's auto output declined 0.1%. Compared with a year earlier Midwest automotive output was 0.4% higher and national output was 2.5% lower.

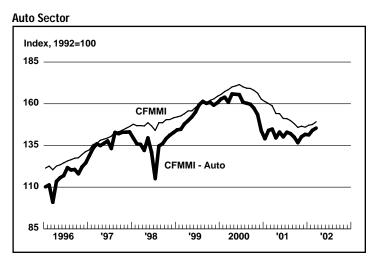
Midwest machinery output rose 0.9% in March, while the nation's output increased 1.4%. Regional machinery output in March was down 11.3% from a year earlier, while national machinery output fell 6.1%.

— William A. Strauss • Senior Economist and Economic Advisor • 312-322-8151



The next CFMMI will be released: June 11, 2002 Noon Eastern Time 11:00 am Central Time

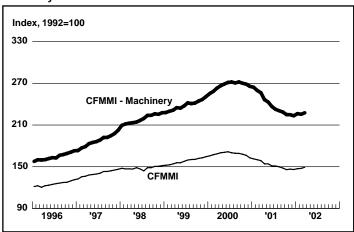
Tracking Midwest Manufacturing Activity by Sectors — March 2002



Auto Sector CFMMI Components:

Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Products; Transportation Equipment

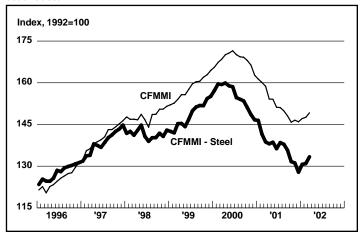
Machinery Sector



Machinery Sector CFMMI Components:

Industrial Machinery and Equipment; Electronic and Other Electric Equipment; Instruments and Related Products

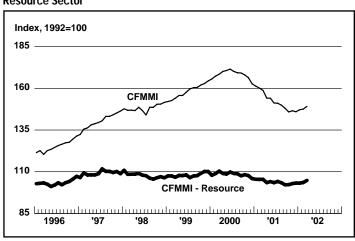
Steel Sector



Steel Sector CFMMI Components:

Primary Metal Industries; Fabricated Metal Products

Resource Sector



Resource Sector CFMMI Components:

Food and Kindred Products; Lumber and Wood Products, Paper and Allied Products, Chemicals and Allied Products; Petroleum and Coal Products; Stone, Clay, and Glass **Products**

Manufacturing Activity: Summary Table Index, 1992=100 Percent change Monthly Jan 02 Feb 02 Mar 02 Jan 02 Feb 02 Mar 02 CFMMI 147.1 147.6 149.2 0.8 0.3 1.1

Annual Mar 01-Mar 02 -6.0 CFMMI - Auto 141 3 144.1 145 4 -0.2 20 0.4 CFMMI - Steel 130.6 131.0 133.4 2.2 0.2 1.8 -3.8 CFMMI - Machinery 226.4 225.5 227.6 1.4 -0.4 0.9 -11.3CFMMI - Resource 0.0 12 -0.6 103.2 103 5 1048 0.4 IPMFG 142.5 142.7 143.9 -27

Note: Three of the sixteen industries in the CFMMI are not included in any of the four sectors above. These are Furniture and Fixtures, Printing and Publishing, and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.

The Chicago Fed Midwest Manufacturing Index (CFMMI) is a monthly estimate of manufacturing output in the region by major industry. The Midwest is defined as the five states comprising the Seventh Federal Reserve District: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, and Wisconsin. The CFMMI is a composite index of 16 manufacturing industries (identified by 2-digit SIC codes) that uses electrical power and hours worked data to measure monthly changes in regional activity. The CFMMI provides a regional comparison with the manufacturing component of the Industrial Production Index (IPMFG) compiled by the Federal Reserve Board. Although the IPMFG is constructed differently than the CFMMI, it also uses electrical power and hours worked data as measures of industry output for about 60 percent of its total production index.

CFMMI and IPMFG historical data are available on the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago's Web site at http://www.chicagofed.org