What is the National Activity Index?
The index is a weighted average of 85 indicators of national economic activity drawn from four broad categories of data: 1) production and income; 2) employment, unemployment, and hours; 3) personal consumption and housing; and 4) sales, orders, and inventories. A zero value for the index indicates that the national economy is expanding at its historical trend rate of growth; negative values indicate below-average growth; and positive values indicate above-average growth.

Why are there three index values?
Each month, we provide a monthly index, its three-month moving average, and a diffusion index. Month-to-month movements can be volatile, so the monthly index’s three-month moving average, the CFNAI-MA3, provides a more consistent picture of national economic growth. The CFNAI Diffusion Index captures the degree to which a change in the monthly index is spread out among its 85 indicators, averaged over a three-month period.

What do the numbers mean?
When the CFNAI-MA3 value moves below –0.70 following a period of economic expansion, there is an increasing likelihood that a recession has begun. Conversely, when the CFNAI-MA3 value moves above –0.70 following a period of economic contraction, there is an increasing likelihood that a recession has ended.

When the CFNAI-MA3 value moves above +0.70 more than two years into an economic expansion, there is an increasing likelihood that a period of sustained increasing inflation has begun.

The next CFNAI will be released:
August 22, 2016
8:30 am Eastern Time
7:30 am Central Time

CURRENT AND PREVIOUS VALUES REFLECT INDEX VALUES AS OF THE JULY 21, 2016, RELEASE AND JUNE 23, 2016, RELEASE, RESPECTIVELY.

N/A INDICATES NOT APPLICABLE.

INDEX SHOWS ECONOMIC GROWTH PICKED UP IN JUNE

Led by improvements in production-related indicators, the Chicago Fed National Activity Index (CFNAI) rose to +0.16 in June from –0.56 in May. Three of the four broad categories of indicators that make up the index increased from May, and two of the four categories made positive contributions to the index in June.

The index’s three-month moving average, CFNAI-MA3, increased to –0.12 in June from –0.39 in May. June’s CFNAI-MA3 suggests that growth in national economic activity was slightly below its historical trend. The economic growth reflected in this level of the CFNAI-MA3 suggests subdued inflationary pressure from economic activity over the coming year.

The CFNAI Diffusion Index, which is also a three-month moving average, moved up to –0.16 in June from –0.38 in May. Forty of the 85 individual indicators made positive contributions to the CFNAI in June, while 45 made negative contributions. Fifty-eight indicators improved from May to June, while 27 indicators deteriorated. Of the indicators that improved, 19 made negative contributions.
The contribution from production-related indicators to the CFNAI rose to +0.18 in June from −0.29 in May. Total industrial production rose by 0.6 percent in June after falling by 0.3 percent in May, and manufacturing production increased by 0.4 percent in June after a 0.3 percent reduction in the previous month. The sales, orders, and inventories category made a neutral contribution to the CFNAI in June, up slightly from −0.04 in May.

Employment-related indicators contributed +0.06 to the CFNAI in June, up from −0.14 in May. Nonfarm payrolls rose by 287,000 in June after increasing by only 11,000 in the previous month. However, the civilian unemployment rate rose to 4.9 percent in June from 4.7 percent in May.

The contribution of the personal consumption and housing category to the CFNAI was steady at −0.08 in June. Housing permits increased slightly to 1,153,000 annualized units in June from 1,136,000 in May; and housing starts moved up a little to 1,189,000 annualized units in June from 1,135,000 in the previous month.

The CFNAI was constructed using data available as of July 19, 2016. At that time, June data for 50 of the 85 indicators had been published. For all missing data, estimates were used in constructing the index. The May monthly index value was revised to −0.56 from an initial estimate of −0.51, and the April monthly index value was revised to +0.04 from last month’s estimate of +0.05. Revisions to the monthly index value can be attributed to two main factors: revisions in previously published data and differences between the estimates of previously unavailable data and subsequently published data. The revision to the May monthly index value was due primarily to the latter, while the revision to the April monthly index value was due primarily to the former.

CFNAI release dates, historical data, and background information are available at chicagofed.org/cfnai.